Top tips when shampooing your pet:

Prepare

- 1. Wear clothes you don't mind becoming wet or perhaps bleached or stained.
- 2. To help your pet feel comfortable, ensure the bathing area has a non-slip surface (a towel or mat may be used). If using a bathtub, leave the drain plug open.
- 3. Be sure to follow your veterinarian's instructions and read the product label before use. Never use a human shampoo or dish soap on your pet as your pet's skin is very different from a human's skin.

Wet & Shampoo

- 4. Ensure that the water is a mild temperature. If the water is too hot, it can make the pet uncomfortable as well as strip essential oils from the skin and may result in dry, uncomfortable, and/or itchy skin.
- 5. Using a hand held shower will help remove the surface debris and dirt as well as thoroughly wet the hair coat and skin. Using cotton gloves or a sponge or facecloth will be useful for the hard-toreach areas (such as between the toes and face).
- 6. If using a medicated shampoo that requires prolonged contact time, begin timing as soon as the pet has been lathered. Apply and lather shampoo at the most affected areas first, to allow those areas the longest contact time with the medication. If your veterinarian has advised, you can wash the face, but keep your pet from getting the product into their nose, mouth or eyes during shampooing. Use of a timer or listening to about three songs on your radio may help you keep time. If your veterinarian has prescribed an ear cleanser, use this time to clean the ears.

Dry

- 7. After rinsing, hand dry with a towel. Do not use a hair dryer, as heat over-dries the skin and may lead to increased itching.
- 8. Added benefits to bathing your pet: Hands on to feel for any lumps or bumps or physical changes. It is also a wonderful bonding experience for you and your pet.

Veterinarian's instructions:

Bathe _____ times per week.

Recheck appointment in _____ weeks

Your veterinarian may also recommend:

Ceramides:

General Cleansing: Anti-Itch:

___ DermAllay Shampoo and Spray Conditioner

Antibacterial/Antifungal/Antibiofilm with Ceramides:

<u>MiconaHex+Triz®</u> Shampoo, Spray Conditioner, Mousse and wipes

Antimicrobial/ Antibiofilm:

---- TrizChlor® 4 Shampoo, SprayConditioner, Mousse and wipes

Dechra has many different products to help with your pets bathing needs. These include shampoos along with sprays, mousse and wipes which are ideal for in-between baths for dogs and a bath substitute for cats. Mousse is great for water-less bathing during the colder months.



Call us on

Dechra

BATHING YOUR PET

Bathing is a necessary part of your pet's health. A general cleansing and grooming shampoo can help maintain or restore your pet's skin health and coat. Medicated shampoos are available to aid in the management of a variety of skin and hair coat issues. In addition, products that contain ingredients such as ceramides help introduce more lipids into the skin, helping it do it's job as a barrier: keeping good things in, like moisture and lipids, and bad things out, like allergens and other pathogens. Your veterinarian can advise you on how frequently your pet should be bathed and which types of shampoos, sprays, mousses and/or wipes are best to use on your pet. Because there are many differences between human and animal skin, products that are good for your hair and skin may not be good for vour pet.



For more information please contact your Dechra Veterinary Account Manager

ra Veterinary Account Manager www.dechra.co.nz 0800 479 838

How to shampoo your pet

Follow your veterinarian's instructions on when and how to use the recommended shampoo. Make sure to ask your veterinarian or their technical staff any questions you may have.



Thoroughly wet the coat and skin surface with clean water that has a mild/moderate temperature. Water that is too hot or too cold can be irritating to your pet and make the bathing experience unpleasant for them. Make sure that plenty of water reaches the surface of the skin.



Gently and progressively massage it into the coat and skin all over the pet, using enough shampoo to create a good lather (adding water where necessary). Take care not to get the shampoo into the eyes, nose and mouth. Be sure to get those hard to reach areas like inside the fore and hind legs, as well as skin folds. Facecloths or sponges can be used to apply the shampoo solution around the face to make it easier.



For general cleansing, dilute the shampoo into a jug of water by at least 50% then use this to pour over several points on the neck and along the back. If using a medicated shampoo, apply shampoo to the most affected areas first to allow maximum contact time.



Shampoo each paw making sure to get in-between each digit (toe) and on/around the pad. Shampoo the outside of the ear flaps too; avoid getting shampoo or water in the ear canals. And don't forget to bathe under the tail.



Work the lather well down to the skin along the lay of the hair. Animal skin harbors organisms that cause infection. Pay close attention to ear flaps, skin folds, and areas that are affected most. Leave shampoo on the pet for the time recommended by your veterinarian or as indicated on the label. Most medicated shampoos are recommended for 5 - 10 minutes of contact time for best results.



After the shampoo has been on the hair coat and skin for the recommended contact time (generally 5 - 10 minutes), thoroughly rinse your pet with clean water. Use large amounts of clean, mild temperature water.



Allow your pet to shake itself, and then finish drying with a towel. Do not use a hair dryer. Avoid leaving your pet in cold temperatures while their skin and hair coat are wet. Comb or brush through long-haired pets, being careful on/around affected areas and follow up with a spray conditioner for added benefit.